

## Current Sensor

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Product Series: STK-LBS/6G

Part number: STK-100LBS/6G & STK-200LBS/6G  
STK-300LBS/6G & STK-400LBS/6G  
STK-500LBS/6G & STK-600LBS/6G  
STK-700LBS/6G & STK-800LBS/6G  
STK-900LBS/6G & STK-1000LBS/6G

Version: Ver 2.7



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## 1. Introduction

The STK-LBS6 series current sensor is based on TMR (tunnel magnetoresistance) technology, and it has an open-loop design. It is suitable for DC, AC pulsed and any kind of irregular current measurement under the isolated conditions.

The STK-LBS6 current sensor is designed to measure the current of a conductive rod, which is inserted through the sensor.

### Typical applications

- AC Variable speed drives
- Motor driver

### General parameter

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Working temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	°C	-40 ~ 105
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	°C	-40 ~ 125
Mass	m	g	10

### Absolute maximum rating

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Supply voltage (not-destructive)	V <sub>C</sub>	V	6
ESD rating (HBM)	U <sub>ESD</sub>	kV	4

Remark: the unrecoverable damage may occur when the product works on the conditions over the absolute maximum ratings. Long-time working on the absolute maximum ratings may cause the degradation on performance and reliability.

### Isolation parameter

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value	Comment
RMS voltage for AC test 50Hz/1 min	U <sub>d</sub>	kV	0.5	Dependent on installation

## 2. Electrical Data

 Condition:  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{cc} = 5\text{V}$ 

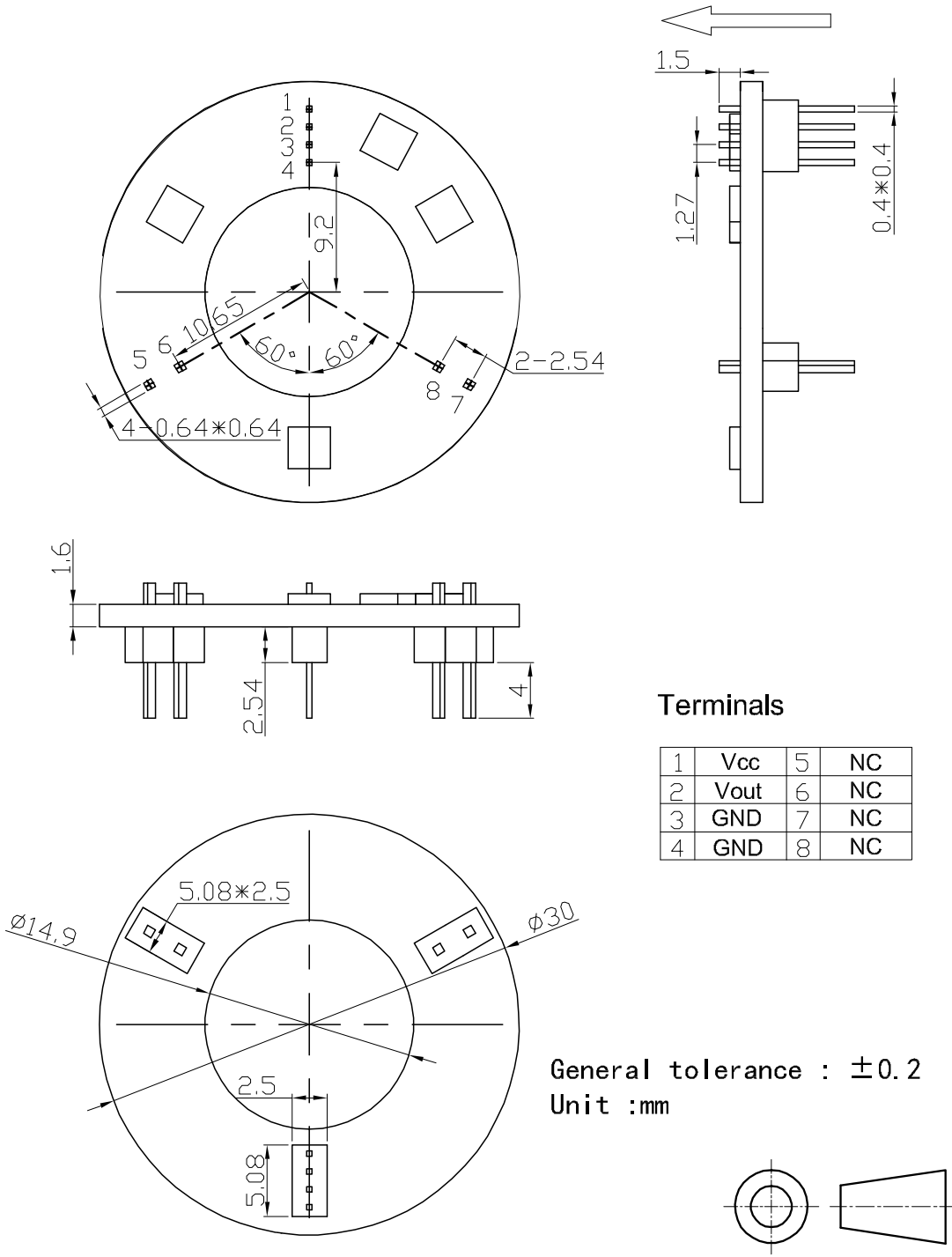
Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
Primary current range	$I_{PM}$	A	-100		100	STK-100LBS/6G
			-200		200	STK-200LBS/6G
			-300		300	STK-300LBS/6G
			-400		400	STK-400LBS/6G
			-500		500	STK-500LBS/6G
			-600		600	STK-600LBS/6G
			-700		700	STK-700LBS/6G
			-800		800	STK-800LBS/6G
			-900		900	STK-900LBS/6G
			-1000		1000	STK-1000LBS/6G
Supply voltage	$V_{cc}$	V		$5 \pm 5\%$		
Current consumption	$I_{cc}$	mA		10		
Quiescent voltage	$V_{off}$	V	2.45	2.5	2.55	$V_{out} @ 0\text{A}$
Rated output voltage	$V_{FS}$	V		$\pm 2$		$(V_{out} @ \pm I_{PM}) - V_{off}$
Internal output resistance	$R_{out}$	$\Omega$		2		$V_{out}$
Theoretical gain (refer remarks)	$G_{th}$	mV/A		20		STK-100LBS/6G
				10		STK-200LBS/6G
				6.66		STK-300LBS/6G
				5		STK-400LBS/6G
				4		STK-500LBS/6G
				3.33		STK-600LBS/6G
				2.85		STK-700LBS/6G
				2.5		STK-800LBS/6G
				2.22		STK-900LBS/6G
				2		STK-1000LBS/6G
Rated linearity error	Non-L	% $I_{PM}$	-1		1	$\pm I_{PM}$
Step response time	$t_{res}$	$\mu\text{s}$		3		@90% of $I_{PM}$
Delay time	$t_{delay}$	$\mu\text{s}$		1.5		250 kHz sine wave
Frequency bandwidth (-3dB)	BW	kHz		250		No RC circuit
Output voltage noise	$V_{noise}$	mVpp		20		
				30		
Accuracy @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	X	% of $I_{PM}$		$\pm 1$		@ $25^\circ\text{C}$

Accuracy over T range	X_TRange	% of I <sub>PM</sub>	-3.5		3.5	-40°C ~ 105°C
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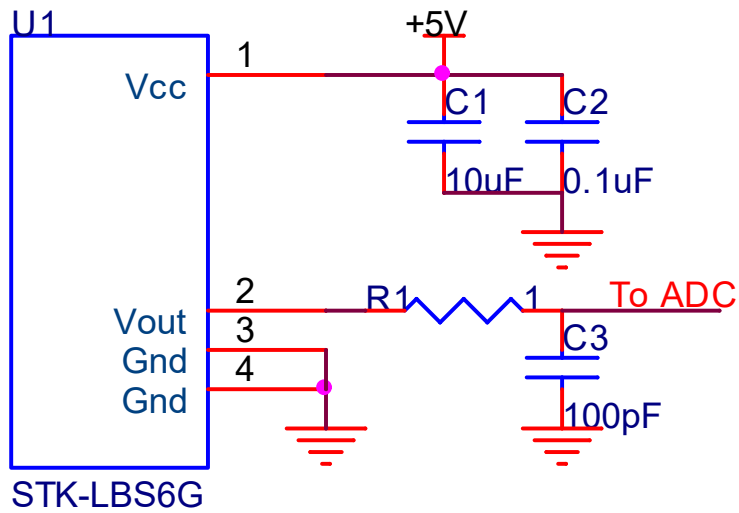
**Remarks:**

- ✧ The theoretical gain, G<sub>th</sub>, is the fitted gain when the sensor is installed with a conduct rod. The value can be obtained during the calibration process (the sensor is fixed surrounding a conduct rod).

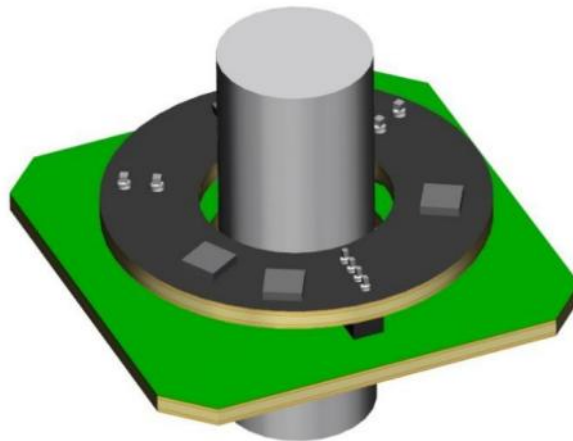
### 3. Dimension & Pin Definitions



## 4. Typical Application Circuit



## 5. Sensor Installation



- ✧ The sensor is fixed on the user's PCB surrounding the conduct rod.
- ✧ On the holding PCB, it is recommended to put a shielding ground on the top layer (facing to the sensor) under the sensor. This is helpful to protect the signal from the  $dV/dt$  radiation.